

On this motion, he said, he had a word or two to say, but was willing to yield to a motion to adjourn. On motion, the house then adjourned.

June 11.—Senate.—The motion to refer so much of the President's message as relates to foreign affairs to the committee on foreign affairs coming up, Mr. Choate addressed the senate at length in vindication of the course of the secretary of state; and was followed by Mr. Colhoun, who spoke with earnestness on the other side. Mr. Huntington then took the floor in favor of the secretary of state, and spoke until the senate adjourned.

House.—Mr. Hunt gave notice that he would to-morrow ask leave to introduce a bill repealing the act of 1837, to postpone the fourth instalment of deposit with the states, and to provide for the deposit of the said fourth instalment according to the provisions of the deposit act of 1836.

The unfinished business of yesterday, being the motion to reconsider the vote on the resolution in relation to the rules of the house, coming up, Mr. Wise proceeded to address the house at some length on the motion to reconsider, but before he had concluded his remarks he was taken suddenly ill and fainted from exhaustion, and was led from the hall by several members who hastened to his assistance. By general consent the further consideration of the subject was postponed till to-morrow.

Gales and Seaton were then elected printers, after which the house adjourned.

June 12.—Senate.—Petitions in favor of a bankrupt law were presented.

Mr. Sevier offered a resolution calling upon the secretary of war for the names of the public agents connected with Indian emigration, who, in his report, are charged with fraud and corruption.

The resolutions submitted by Mr. Benton some days ago in relation to the interference of officers in elections, were taken up and passed.

Mr. Clay submitted a resolution so to alter the rules of the senate as to take up in the morning immediately after the journal is read, the unfinished business of the previous day, without waiting for the usual hour of one o'clock. Mr. Benton warmly opposed the resolution. He said its object was to exclude all resolutions of inquiry, the only source of obtaining a right understanding of what was going on in the government. Several other senators having also warmly opposed it, Mr. Clay consented to have it so modified as to read one hour instead of immediately, after reading the journal.

The chair laid before the Senate a communication from the secretary of the treasury transmitting his plan of a fiscal agent, (which will be found in another part of to-day's paper.)

The bill to distribute the proceeds of the public lands among the states was read a second time and referred to the committee on public lands.

Rev. Septimus Tustin was elected chaplain, and the senate adjourned.

House.—A great number of petitions for a bankrupt law were presented; also for a national bank—for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, which, as usual, raised a fuss—for the repeal of the sub-treasury, for which purpose a fruitless attempt was made to introduce a bill—and for a protective tariff.

The select committee appointed to revise the rules reported in part. Of the rules reported one is to consider the question of reception raised on every petition on any subject not specified in the president's message except a bankrupt law. After a long contest they were adopted.

Monday, June 14.—Senate.—A series of resolutions of inquiry were offered and disposed of, after which the senate resumed the consideration of the motion to refer so much of the President's message as relates to foreign affairs to the committee on foreign affairs. Mr. Preston replied at length to the arguments of Mr. Buchanan. Mr. Benton followed on the other side, after which Mr. Buchanan asked it as a favor that the senate would adjourn to give him an opportunity to answer the replies to his speech. Mr. Clay had no objection, and the senate adjourned.

House.—After some wrangling about nothing the house resumed the consideration of the motion to reconsider the vote on the resolution in relation to the rules of the house. Mr. Wise, who had the floor, spoke at great length in continuation of his remarks commenced on Friday. When he had concluded a great struggle took place for the floor, during which the previous question was demanded and sustained. The main question was then ordered to be put, and the house decided to reconsider—yeas 106, nays 104.

So the house, having undone all, or nearly all, that in the last fifteen days it had accomplished towards organization, at a late hour adjourned.

People take Warning!

The Philadelphia correspondent of the New York Herald, in alluding to the affairs of the United States Bank, says:

"The list of the suspended paper, with the names and dates, which prove incontrovertibly that the rottenness and decay of the Bank originated while it was a national institution. It was then that the money was sunk in bribing Congressmen, influencing elections, feeding lawyers, and purchasing votes. The commencement of this \$29,000,000 of suspended paper extends back to 1828, and at each successive Presidential election it was swel-

led in amount and deteriorated in character. Immense efforts are making to keep this damning proof from the people, until they shall have been wheedled and cajoled into countenancing another bank of a more extensive capital, and therefore capable of a more stupendous mischief."

Position of Mr. Clay and the New Administration.

There is great excitement at Washington. From the debates of both houses it would seem that Mr. Clay is setting himself up as a rival to the President and his administration.—We should not be surprised if the whig party were to break down of their own weakness before they can ascertain what a "fiscal agency" means.—(N. Y. Herald.)

Distribution of the Public Funds.

The relief, held out by the dominant party, is an absurdity. They propose to distribute the public lands according to the representations, and then raise the duties on imported goods to replace it in the treasury of the federal government. The proceeds of the public lands are, yearly, \$3,000,000. Of this the State of Illinois would receive \$37,000. She is then to be taxed on imported goods. The imports, for the last ten years, have averaged \$127,000,000. This is \$45 to each family in the Union yearly. In Illinois there are 70,000 families: Consequently they consume \$3,150,000 of imported goods. On these the tax is to be raised 5 per cent, without increasing the market for produce. Illinois will, therefore, have to pay \$157,500 for the \$37,000 received. This is the "relief" the citizens are to enjoy under the distribution.

South Carolina.

The Charleston Mercury publishes the proceedings of one of the largest and most brilliant meetings ever held in Charleston. It was held on the 27th ultimo. Mr. CALHOUN was received with indescribable enthusiasm, and addressed them for about an hour. The report and resolutions which were unanimously adopted, are powerfully drawn; and are State Rights, up to the hilt. They denounce a National Debt, Protective Tariff, Distribution, and the creation of a National Bank, in the strongest terms. Among the resolutions was the following: "Resolved, That Congress having no authority under the Constitution to incorporate a National Bank, if such an institution be incorporated, we hold that the charter may, at any time, be repealed, and the bank abolished."

Can any person inform us how much pork, wheat, and flour, two agents of the Bank of Michigan have bought up in Chicago with the bills of that bank?—Detroit Free Press.

We should like an answer to that question too. The amount we know to be enormous. The almost numberless loads we saw the farmers haul into this city, across the cold prairie, last winter, and who returned with the bills of this bank as an equivalent, tell a fearful tale. And when it is known that many of them sold their pork, wheat, &c. for the purpose of getting money to buy their farms with, and who, by the rascality of this swindling institution, are now left, on the day of land sale, to the mercy of perhaps individuals who have made their money by similar transactions, the picture assumes a darker shade. Add to this the fact that the government refuses to postpone the sale of lands for even a short time, and the combined effects of whig institutions and a whig government strikingly appear. One thing, in all this, however, gives encouragement. People begin to regard this being robbed by the banks the same as though they were met on the highway and obliged to surrender their "purse or their life." So exasperated have the farmers become, that we have heard many of them express the wish that those who have robbed them by means of bank bills might be served as highway robbers are, "hung by the neck until they are dead," without the customary prayer for mercy on their souls.—Chicago Democrat.

We clip the following from one of our exchanges:—"Sir, which of your children do you prefer, the boys or the girls?" "Why, as long as the boys suck their mother, I like them the best, but when they begin to suck me, I prefer the girls."

Maiden Modesty.—There is a maiden lady in Connecticut who is so extremely nice in her notions of female modesty, that she turned off her washerwoman because she put her clothes into the same tub with those of a young man! It was a shocking piece of immodesty, to be sure.

We see hundreds of young men sauntering through our streets who have been, by the misjudged policy of their parents, cast into the world with pride in their heads and nothing in their pockets, who cannot stoop to work, and yet are almost compelled to beg. Were they industrious mechanics, they might become serviceable to themselves and respectable members of the community, instead of being excrecences which hang upon but to disfigure society. It is truly lamentable that this folly is so prevalent.

A delicate lady is one that does not eat hasty-pudding with her fingers.

Celebration of American Independence.

The Committee of arrangements have selected the following persons as officers of the day: **BENJAMIN THURSTON, President.** **WILLIAM TRUE, Vice President and Reader.** **Rev. DANIEL NEWTON, Chaplain.** **MILTON H. SWIFT, Orator.** **JOHN HISE, Toast Reader.** **W. H. W. CUSHMAN and JAMES Y. SANGER, Marshals.**

The citizens of La Salle county, who wish to celebrate the approaching anniversary of American Independence, in Ottawa, are respectfully invited to assemble at the Mansion House on Monday morning, the 5th inst., at 9 o'clock, at which place a procession will be formed and from thence march to the Locust Grove adjoining the Fox River House, in the following order:

Ottawa Band.
Standard Bearer.
President & Vice President.
Orator & Chaplain.
Committee of Arrangements.
Ladies & Gentlemen.
Citizens.

The Orator will be delivered in the Grove, should the weather permit, and if otherwise, it will be delivered in the large saloon of the Fox River House. Suitable accommodations will be prepared in the Grove for the convenience and comfort of the company. The dinner will be on the table at 1 o'clock, prepared by Messrs. Dilano & Levens, the proprietors of the Fox River House. The following exercises will take place previous to the dinner:

1st. Music by the Band.
2d. Prayer.
3d. Music by the Choir.
4th. Reading of the Declaration of Independence.
5th. Music by the Choir.
6th. Oration.
7th. Music by the Band.

The company will then march to the dinner table, and after dinner the regular toasts will be drunk, accompanied by music, the roar of cannon and the shouts of Freeman!

A coach has been procured for the accommodation of such ladies and gentlemen who are indisposed and unable to march in the procession. By giving notice to either of the marshals, such persons can be accommodated, and conveyed from any part of the town to the Fox River House.

The price of tickets to the dinner is \$1.

We are authorized to announce **ALBERT F. DOW, of Indian precinct,** as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner at the ensuing August election.

We are authorized to announce **ALEXANDER MCCLASKEY, of Indian precinct,** as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner at the ensuing August election.

Ottawa Jockey Club.
The citizens of Ottawa and vicinity favorable to the encouragement of blooded animals and the sports of the turf, are respectfully requested to meet at the Mansion House on Saturday evening next, for the purpose of forming a Jockey Club.

Dissolution.
The co-partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of **Cushman & Thompson,** is, this day, by mutual consent, dissolved.

All persons indebted to us, either by note or book account, will see the necessity of making the necessary arrangements to satisfy such demands immediately.

All notes and book accounts are in the hands of **W. H. W. Cushman,** who is fully authorized to collect the same, but the receipt of either will satisfy any demand for which it is given.

W. H. W. CUSHMAN,
BENJAMIN THOMPSON.
Ottawa, LaSalle county, Ills.
June 28th, 1841. 6-1f.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late firm of **CUSHMAN & THOMPSON** are respectfully requested to call on the subscriber without delay and pay or secure the payment of the same.

W. H. W. CUSHMAN.
Ottawa, July 2, 1841. 6-1f.

Bargains! Bargains!!

THE subscriber offers for sale, at the old stand of Cushman & Thompson, on the corner of Canal and Columbus streets, all the remaining stock of the late firm at reduced prices for Cash only.

The stock consists of a fair assortment of **Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, Crockery, Boots & Shoes, &c.**

Persons desirous of purchasing with Cash, are invited to call and examine the goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

BENJ. THOMPSON.
Ottawa, July 2, 1841. 6-1f.

GLASSWARE.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GLASSWARE, just received and for sale at the Drug Store of the subscriber.

G. L. THOMPSON.
Ottawa, July 2, 1841. 6-1f.

MASONIC NOTICE.

IN conformity with the first article of the present code of by-laws, the **Regular Communications** of **OTTAWA LODGE OF FREE & ACCEPTED ANCIENT YORK MASONRY**, will be held on

MONDAYS on or before the full of the Moon. The brethren will therefore please take notice, that the day for holding our next regular communication will fall on the **FIRST Monday in August, A. L. 5841**, being the 24 day of said month.

Transient brethren in good standing are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the Lodge.

GEO. F. WEAVER, Sec'y.
OTTAWA, July 2, 1841.

N. B.—An adjourned meeting of the Lodge will be held to-morrow, (Saturday,) the 3d inst., at 4 o'clock, P. M. A general attendance of the fraternity is solicited.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Ottawa, Illinois, on the 1st of July, 1841.

Armstrong Mrs Nancy	Jones David
Alexander Hugh	Johnson Saml H
Averell Caroline 2	Keating Owen
Armstrong Geo W	Kierulff G H
Allen Hugh	Kuhn Jacob
Archy Margaret	Knapp Stephen
Burns John	Kingsbury Polly
Barthly James	Lameri Thos
Brien Patrick	Lynch Michael
Beresford Robert	Law Albert
Barland John	Lytle Mr
Beardsley Aaron	Largent William
Barland John	Lane Hannah
Bonnet Jesse E	McKernon James G
Blackmore Mary Ann	McKeon Matt
Burton N	McClary John
Brackan John	McGill Arthur W
Burton Mr	Margan John
Burton Nathaniel	Marr Samuel M 2
Brisco Silas G	Moon Jacob
Burhoff Francis	McKryn Polly
Barry Michael 2	Markham Mrs A
Bunn Andrew J	Matson Henry 3
Bovee John or Margaret	Miller Melville
Brown Miss Mary	Mahoney Daniel
Brambrough Joseph	Moore Smith
Burnett W B	Moore John B 2
Burnett W	Misner Henry sen.
Bell Solomon	Miner John
Brown Charles	Mathew Foley
Berry Richard	Morgan Reese
Ball Amos	Nelson John
Brace Montgomery	Norris George O
Baldwin Samuel	O'Neil James
Crosby	Osgood William
Crocker Mrs Rachel	Owen W A
Coffin & Bradford	Pembroke Mary
Carter David	Perkins William 4
Clarke John M	Perkins William
Cady Samuel	Peyton Lucien
Cody Samuel	Powers John
Craiger William H	Pitzer Anthony
Chapman William	Peck David B
Carmichael Thos	Pope Josiah
Coop Alfred	Palmer John
Clark James	Priest John J
Cottrell Mary Ann	Ray Joseph J
Cottrell Mrs	Rey Thomas Wesley
Clark James	Reddick William 2
Craig J M	Reinhardt J C
Clerk of Circuit Court	Sheriff of La Salle co 2
Doerney Johannes	Sprague E 2
D'Wolf William F	Songer Anderson
Dillit Hugh	Sawell James
Dimick Myron E 2	Stadden Wm
Dodge A R 2	Stewart Archibald
Dwyer Alonzo	Stewart Joseph
Dickenson Roswell	Sturges Thos B
Day James	Swift Elijah
Ewing W L D	Sampson Stephen
Eager James W	Stoker Isiah
Ecker John	Sprague Horatio A
Ford Thomas	St Clair John
Flanders Gideon H	Sullivan John
Felch Mr	Shannon James
Groves E	Sullivan Thomas
Griggs Eleanor	Stratton Alexander
Gillan Patrick	Shontz E M
Galloway Andrew	Shaw John
Glover Henry	Schuy William
Goff Myra	Thompson J W
Griggs Enos M 2	Townsend Nathan
Gordon Richard	True Thos J
Graham Mary	Thomas H K
Goddard Wm H	Tyler Saml
Halladay Job	Trus Daniel
Holland Edwin 2	Walker Robert D
Hull Porter	Walbridge Trumud
Hayer Ole	Wells Albert 2
Hatch Mrs Ruth C	Walker Mrs Hannah
Haymond William	Wander John
Halsed Amos	West Wils
Hagerty James	Warren S
Healy John	Weatherford Jeffa
Hubbard Benj P 2	Webber George F
Howland Allen H	Wilcox Allen E
Harrington James	Whittle Wm P
Hitchcock L	Wiley Wm 2
Hodge William W	West Moses H
Hall Ole	Warren Danl
Holt J J	Youngman W 2
Iverson Paul	

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say "advertised."

A. WOODRUFF, P. M.

Ottawa, July 1, 1841. 3w

Bonnets! Bonnets!!

THE subscribers have just received a large lot of **Leghorn, Straw, and Palm Leaf Bonnets**, including some very pretty styles for children, all of which they will sell at prices **very much lower** than they have ever been sold in this place.

WM. TRUE & SON.

Ottawa, July 2, 1841. 6-1f.

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Post Office at **Marseilles, LaSalle county, Illinois,** July 1st, 1841:—

Bonner Charles E. Underhill David C.
Graham Daniel
Hall Ozu
Moore Jennia
Monger Rufus, 2
Road Henry E.
Sunderland Peleg

L. KIMBALL, P. M.

July 2, 1841. 14 6-3w

200 KEGS OF BOSTON NAILS.

just received and for sale at the store of **WALKER & HICKLING.**

Ottawa, April 16, 1841 48-1f.

1 BBL. OF LINSEED OIL, just received and for sale at the new store of the subscribers.

WALKER & HICKLING.

Ottawa, April 16, 1841. 48-1f.

8 BARRELS OF MOLASSES, just received per steam boat Lasalle and for sale by **WALKER & HICKLING.**

Ottawa, April 16, 1841. 48-1f.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having been appointed Administrator of the estate of **AARON BAIN**, deceased, requests all persons having claims against the estate to exhibit the same to him or to the Probate Justice, for settlement, within nine months from the date hereof.

Those indebted to the estate are requested to call and settle the same immediately. The books of account, &c. may be found at the office of the Probate Justice.

ABRAHAM HOES,
Administrator.

Ottawa, June 14th, 1841. 2-5-8w.

Administrator's Notice.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the undersigned has taken out letters of Administration on the estate of **Joseph Fullerton**, deceased. All persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are hereby requested to exhibit the same to him or to the Court of Probate for the county of LaSalle for settlement within nine months from the date hereof. **JACOB FULLERTON,** Administrator.

Ottawa, June 19, 1841. 5-4wp

Administrator's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell at public auction, on **Saturday the 17th day of July next**, on the premises occupied by **Stephen H. Jones**, near Troy Grove, in LaSalle county, the personal property of **Joseph Fullerton**, deceased.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M. Terms of sale made known on the day of sale by **JACOB FULLERTON,** Administrator.

Ottawa, June 25, 1841. 5-1f

Administrator's Notice.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of **Hugh M. Griggs**, deceased, are hereby notified and requested to present the same to the subscriber, administrator of said estate, or to the Probate Justice of LaSalle county within nine months from the date hereof for settlement. **JOHN H. HENDERSON,** Administrator.

June 22, 1841. 5-4w

NOTICE.—The subscribers would very delicately hint to all persons who know themselves indebted to them, that it would be to their advantage to call and settle the same without delay, as our old books must be settled up. If you cannot pay in cash we will take Wheat, Oats, and Corn, if delivered immediately, and if you cannot pay in this way you can at least give your notes.—All who neglect this reasonable request will hear from us in another way. Now, remember, we are not joking but in sober earnest.

J. Y. SANGER & Co.

Ottawa, June 18, 1841. 4-1f.

20 Kegs No. 1 WHITE LEAD,

just received per steam boat Lasalle, and for sale low, by **WALKER & HICKLING.**

Ottawa, June 11, 1841. 3-1f.

Spring and Summer Fashions.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the gentlemen of Ottawa and vicinity, that he has just received of Messrs. Scott & Wilson, of New York City, their Spring and Summer Report, together with the latest London and Paris Fashions for gentlemen's clothes, which he thinks will not fail to please gentlemen of every variety of taste. He still assures all who may favor him with their orders, that all business entrusted to him shall be attended to with promptness and faithfulness.

N. B.—The subscriber has removed his shop to the east side of the public square, opposite the Court House, and one door south of the City Hotel.

E. S. TRACY,
v2-1-1f.

DRUG STORE.

G. L. Thompson

HAS just received at his New Drug Store, on the east side of the Public Square in this place, his summer supply of **FINEST DRUGS & MEDICINES,** embracing all articles in the line which the country demands.

Also—A variety of Paints, Oils, Varnish, Turpentine, Glass, Putty, and Dye Stuffs, together with a variety of other articles, too numerous to mention.

Also—A few CHOICE WINES and LIQUORS, selected expressly for medicinal purposes; Perfumeries, Confectionaries, Fruit, Segars and Tobacco of a good quality.

Also—Patent Medicines, the most popular of the day, among which are Doct. Jayne's Expectant, Hair Tonic, Tonic Vermifuge, Carminative Balsam, and Sanative Pills; Doct's. Dole's and Thompson's Eye Water; Moffitts Phenix Bitters and Pills; Roward's Tonic Mixture; Balm of Columbia; Carpenter's Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla; Hays' Liniment for Piles; Nerve and Bone Liniment; Bateman's Drops; Godfrey's Cordial; Falmestock's Vermifuge; Morrison's Pills of the British College of Health; Lee's, Phinix's, Elmore's, Hooper's, Brandeth's, Doct. Champion's and Boardman's Fever and Ague Pills.

The public are respectfully requested to call and see.

Ottawa, June 11, 1841. 2-3-1f.

10 Hhds. PRIME N. O. SUGAR,

just received per s. b. Lasalle, and for sale low, by **WALKER & HICKLING.**

Ottawa, June 11, 1841. 3-1f.

12 Sacks HAVANNAH COFFEE,

just received per s. b. Lasalle,